Supplementary Aids and Services

Definition and Purpose:

"Supplementary aids and services means aids, services, and other supports that are provided in general education classes, other education-related settings, and in extracurricular and nonacademic settings, to enable children with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled children to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance with §300.114 through §300.116." (34 CFR 300.42)

The purpose of providing supplementary aids and services is to support students with disabilities as active participants with nondisabled peers, as well as to enable their access to the general curriculum. To that end, supplementary aids and services include modification to the general curriculum and [a child with a disability is not removed from education in age-appropriate regular classrooms solely because of needed modification in the general curriculum]. (34 CFR 300.116 (e))

Full Range of Supplementary Aids and Services

34 CFR 300.114 (ii) states that, "Special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment occurs **only** if the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily." [emphasis added]

Supplementary Aids and Services Should Be:

- Available to all students who need them.
- Designed to provide meaningful educational benefit.
- Provided in a manner that avoids stigmatizing students (Gaskin Settlement Agreement, 2005).

There are an infinite number of possible supplementary aids and services to be considered and implemented by Individualized Education Program (IEP) teams. Court decisions have required school districts to make a concerted and good faith effort to use supplementary aids and services to address behavioral issues in the general classroom. The provision of positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports is designed to foster increased participation of children with disabilities in general education environments or other less restrictive environments, not to serve as a basis for placing children with disabilities in more restrictive settings.

It is important that IEP teams contemplate educational placement in the general education classroom with the provision of supplementary aids and services as needed.

One framework that may assist IEP teams in considering the full range of supplementary aids and services includes four categories of supplementary aids and services for consideration: Collaborative, Instructional, Physical, and Social-Behavioral (Etscheidt & Bartlett, 1999). The chart that follows provides illustrative examples for each of the categories. The *Oberti* decision includes reference to four specific supplementary aids and services that local education agencies (LEAs) must consider: modified curriculum, teacher training, effective behavior support, and provision of an aide, if necessary (Oberti v. Board of Education of the Borough of Clementon School District, 995 F.2d 1204 (3rd cir.1993)).



Framework for Considering the Full Range of Supplementary Aids and Services (SaS)

Category	Examples
Collaborative Adults working together to support students	 Scheduled time for coplanning and team meetings Instructional arrangements that support collaboration (e.g., coteaching, paraprofessional support) Professional development related to collaboration Coaching and guided support for team members in the use of assistive technology for an individual student Scheduled opportunities for parental collaboration All school personnel collaborate in the development and delivery of SaS
Instructional Development and delivery of instruction that addresses diverse learning needs	 Providing modified curricular goals Providing alternate ways for students to demonstrate learning Providing test modification Providing alternate materials and/or assistive technology (e.g., materials on tape, transcribe text into Braille, large print, alternate computer access) Providing instruction on functional skills in the context of the typical routines in the general classroom Changing method of presentation Using reader services Providing instructional adaptations (e.g., preteaching, repeating directions, extra examples and nonexamples)
Physical Adaptations and modifications to the physical environment	 Furniture arrangement in environments Specific seating arrangements Individualized desk, chair, etc. Adaptive equipment Adjustments to sensory input (e.g., light, sound) Environmental Aids (e.g., classroom acoustics, heating, ventilation) Structural Aids (e.g., wheelchair accessibility, trays, grab bars)
Social-Behavioral Supports and services to increase appropriate behavior and reduce disruptive or interfering behavior	 Social skills instruction Counseling supports Peer supports (e.g., facilitating friendships) Individualized behavior support plans Modification of rules and expectations Cooperative learning strategies

The Supplementary Aids and Services (SaS) Consideration Toolkit provides a systematic approach that guides student-focused teams through steps that lead to the identification of supplementary aids and services that will enable a student with a disability to participate and learn within general education settings. The toolkit, which was developed for use within schools throughout Pennsylvania, consists of five components that are packaged separately to facilitate ease of use. The documents can be downloaded at: http://tinyurl.com/sastoolkit.

References

Burns, E. (2003). A Handbook for Supplementary Aids and Services. Springfield, Ill: Charles C. Thomas.

Etscheidt, S. & Bartlett, L. (1999). The IDEA Amendments: A Four Step Approach for Determining Supplementary Aids and Services. *Exceptional Children*, 163-74.

Community Living	Employment	Education/Training After High School	Plan Che Use this with you plan for
 Join an activity at your school, community, or place of worship. Practice asking for what you need during your IEP and other meetings. Ask about certified transportation training at your IEP meeting. Know the medications you take (names, dosage, why you're taking them). Talk with your doctor about sexuality and boundaries, and about how behaviors like smoking and drinking affect our bodies. If you have an intellectual disability and no one has contacted the County's Office of Intellectual Disabilities (OID), ask your parents/guardians to call the county to complete an intake to register for services. If needed, create an Individual Health Plan with your doctor and school nurse. 	 Sign up to volunteer and job shadow during school and/or summer months. Start keeping a list of the names, email addresses, and phone numbers of people who can be references for jobs. Learn about programs at your local career and technical education (CTE) centers. If you are interested, ask to visit. If you like it, learn how to apply. 	 Talk with your school and/or agency supporters about your interests and what you want to study after high school. Study websites to learn about training, technical school, college programs and classes where you can explore an interest or hobby. Visit at least one of these educational programs. Meet with your school's transition coordinator to make sure you are taking the right classes for your goals. Understand your disability. Ask for your own accommodations. 	Planning for the Future Checklist Use this as your checklist to get ready for life after high school. Bring it to your meetings with your school and/or agency supporters to talk about your progress and how best to plan for your future.
 Talk with your school and/or agency supporters about the possibility of funding through Medicaid Waivers. Keep a list of your medical conditions and physicians. Be able to describe your health needs. If you have questions about your emotional or mental health, talk to your parents/ guardians, school or agency supporters, and your medical team. You can also call the county crisis line for help. Find out about adult agencies (like OVR) that can help you prepare for work, training, and independent living. The back of this checklist has a list of these agencies. Keep copies of your medical, education, and government papers in a file to have ready when you need them. Learn how to manage money. 	 To get ready for a job, practice filling out job applications and answering questions an employer might ask you. Ask your school and/or agency supporters for help with on-the-job training, job exploration, and/or part-time employment in your areas of interest. Your school can help you get this experience during school and during the summer. Ask your parents/guardians to sign forms that will allow Office of Vocational Rehabilitation (OVR) and/or other adult agencies to come to your transition meetings. 	 Learn how accommodations may be different at the educational program you've chosen for after high school, so you can start to prepare. If you've chosen college, sign-up for the PSAT test (given in fall of sophomore and junior years) and make an appointment with your guidance counselor to talk about colleges and your plan for applying. Visit technical schools or certificate programs you may be interested in. 	Name: Date: 1. Meet with your agency and school supporters. 1. Meet with your agency and school supporters. 2. Take time to talk about information learned from any assessments about your abilities and interests. 3. Ask about accommodations and technology you can use to meet your school, work, and other life goals. 4. Use your individualized education program (IEP) to create the right goals to help you get ready for life after high school (transition). 5. Build on what you started the year before.

Community Living	Employment	Education/Training After High School	
 Decide whether you want to live independently after graduation. Talk with your family, school and agency supporters about options for housing. Learn about community activities you can get involved in. Apply for a driver's license or state ID card. If needed, apply for Supplemental Security Income-Social Security (SSI) and Medical Assistance (health insurance). Ask for help to understand working and adult benefits. If possible, schedule and attend at least some of your medical appointments by yourself. Practice budgeting. 	 Research 5 to 10 jobs that interest you and discuss what accommodations you may need. Apply for part time, summer, and/or weekend jobs. Ask for help finding good matches with your skills, interests, and location. 	 If your goal is a trade or higher education, sign up for standardized tests in your junior year and ask for any testing accommodations you might need. Ask your counselor about financial aid to pay for tests and test-prep classes and books. Apply to these schools during the fall of your senior year. If needed, apply for financial aid during the winter. 	16-17 Year Olds
 If your goal is to live on your own or with a roommate, talk with your family, school and agency supporters. Contact the Special Needs Units (Medicaid plans) or Customer Service (private health plans) to choose a physician who treats adults. Ask your pediatrician to send a transfer summary of your records. Verify your healthcare insurance coverage and continuation of benefits past age 18. Apply for Personal Assistance Services, if needed. Register to vote (age 18). Young men need to register for the Selective Service after their 18th birthday. 	 Ask adult agencies to come to your IEP meetings at school to assist with job placement, training, and accommodations. Ask your school and agency supporters for help in arranging community-based, on-the-job training, and employment in your areas of interest. They can help you with this for work during school, nights and weekends, and during the summer. 	 Make sure you have current documentation of your disability before you leave high school. If you don't, ask for an updated evaluation. Contact the office for disability services and support at the school you'll be attending. Let them know the accommodations you need. Talk with your IEP team about how you can use your "Summary of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance" after high school. 	18-21 Year Olds

The "Planning for the Future Checklist" was developed and supported through a partnership between the United Way of Allegheny County's 21 and Able Initiative, the Pennsylvania Bureau of Special Education, and the Pennsylvania Training and Technical Assistance Network, with input from stakeholders across Pennsylvania.



United Way Allegheny County

Adult Agencies	
Bureau of Autism Services	866-539-7689
Bureau of Children's Behavioral Health Services	717-705-8289
CareerLink	717-787-3354
Department of Human Services	800-692-7462
Office of Developmental Programs	888-565-9435
Office of Vocational Rehabilitation	800-442-6371
Pennsylvania Council on Independent Living (PCIL)	717-920-0532
Pennsylvania Elks Home Service Program	800-986-4550
Social Security Administration	800-772-1213

For information and resources on secondary transition in Pennsylvania, go to the Pennsylvania Secondary Transition Guide at: www.secondarytransition.org.



Bureau of Special Education Pennsylvania Training and Technical Assistance Network

CHECKLIST:	RESOURCES:
Get family connected to National Organizations	Website:National Association of the DeafHearing Loss Association of AmericaBetter Hearing InstituteNational Institute on DeafnessAlexander Graham Bell Association for the Deaf and Hard of HearingNational Technical Institute for the Deaf
Get student and parents connected to Blogs about hearing loss	BLOG: <u>Hands and Voices Parent Blog</u> Article: <u>Self-Advocacy for Teens</u>
Get family connected with family organization(s)	Websites: <u>Success for Kids with Hearing Loss</u> Website: <u>Hands and Voices</u> /Guide by Your Side <u>Insurance Guide for Parents</u> <u>Hands and Voices: PA</u> <u>IEP Planning</u> <u>PEAL Center</u> <u>HUNE</u>
Meet with transition coordinator, or special education teacher to make sure course align to transition plan	
Conduct Personal Learning Profile Checklist	IOWA-Expanded Core Curriculum for DHH, Minnesota Transition Guide TODHH
Review communication plan & test for effectiveness	Communication Plans in the IEP, PaTTAN: <u>CommPlanIEP</u>
Review IEP for transition planning statements Get involved in extracurricular activities and community volunteer hours	<i>Team:</i> Request copy of IEP and review section on transition planning, COP, Secondary Transition Website: <u>Transition Statements in IEP</u> Indicator 13: Ensuring Success and Compliance, for information and guidance on writing good transition statements in the IEP.

Age 12-14

	http://media.pattanpgh.net:15238/911Trans

	-	Website:
	Be aware of state	Office of Developmental Programs (ODP): Office of Developmental
	agencies for services	<u>Programs</u> Office of Developmental Programs Consulting System (OCS):
		http://www.odpconsulting.net
		Office of Vocational Rehabilitation (OVR): OVR Office Directory
		Office for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH): Office for the Deaf and
		Hard of Hearing
		Center for Hearing & Deaf Services Center for Hearing & Deaf Services
		Health Bridges <u>Health Bridges</u>
	Assess interests and	PepNet Transition
	preferences	Pa Career Zone Pa Career Standards
Age 14		
0	Ensure transdisciplinary	Website:
H	team is established	transition/guide.htm
		http://www.learningcommunity.us http://www.learningcommunity.us/onepageprofiles.htm
		Ittp://www.iearningcommunity.us/onepagepromes.ntm
	Team review examples of	Website: "I'm Determined" One-Pager
	One Page Descriptions in	http://www.imdetermined.org/quick links/one pager
	preparation for Person	
	Centered Planning	
		Participate in Webinar on Person Centered Planning;
		Website: Click on Citizen-Centered Leadership
	Conduct Person Centered	http://www.citizencenteredleadership.org
	Planning session	Webinar: Archived recording Person-Centered Planning
		http://vimeo.com/41520422

	Conduct Assistive	View archived session on AT:
	Technology evaluation	http://tadnet.adobeconnect.com/p9p7gwakezt/
		PaTTAN Website on Assistive Technology: <u>http://tinyurl.com/pattan-ass</u>
		tech
		Contact IU Assistive Technology Consultant to conduct Evaluation
		Website: PA Initiative on Assistive Technology, <u>PIAT</u>
	Obtain consent to contact	<i>Team:</i> School specific consent where applicable to contact agencies.
40	adult service agencies	
e		
Age 14	Transition planning	Website: <u>www.secondarytransition.org</u>
+	statements outlined in IEP	Revisit annually
		<u>Transition Statements in IEP</u>
		Woodlands Foundation, Rochester Institute of Technology, Explore You
	Investigate summer camp	Future, Deaf Camps, Western Pa School f or the Deaf, Fulton Theater
	opportunities	Gallaudet Summer Program, RIT/NTID Outreach Programs, Bloomsburg
		University Deaf Camp Experiences
	Gather all documentation	
	verifying disability and	<i>Team:</i> Review documents, check for evaluation dates & necessary
	necessary accommodations	signatures

Identify transition	www.secondarytransition.org
services on IEP	<i>Team:</i> Conversation with IEP team, are activities listed appropriate? Che
_ .	annually.
Discuss summer	
employment & internship	Contact Local interpreting agencies:
opportunities	Hearing and Deaf Services: <u>HDS</u>
	Certified Interpreting Services
Get student involved in	Sign Language Interpreting Professionals, Sign Language Specialists of
peer organizations	Western Pa
Doculto from And I	Steel City Interpreters LLC
Results from Assistive	
Technology evaluation with	
accommodations &	Website: www.icanconnect.org
modifications are included in the IEP	Website: <u>www.icanconnect.org</u>
Independent Living skills	
assessment conducted	
	Document: Determining Need for IL Post-Secondary Goals
	Independent Living Assessment
	Document: Independent Living Skills Inventory (for the student)
	http://tinyurl.com/IL-Inventory
Establish Internet identity	Website: Independent Living Center Research Utilization, Pennsylvania
(email, listservs, Facebook,	Directory: <u>http://www.ilru.org/</u> ; <u>http://www.liftcil.org/cil_g.htm</u>
Instagram, Twitter, etc.)	
	Team: Discuss with family appropriate level of social media & internet
	identity
Set up a separate email	
account designated for	
college searches.	
<u> </u>	
Begin to research	Google, Yahoo etc.
colleges and programs you	
may be interested in	
studying.	
Align courses of study to	Labor and Industry, Map It,
Align courses of study to programs of interest in	
college. Take College	
Preparatory classes	
richaratory Classes	

Age 15

	Adult service providers included on the IEP team	List outside agencies that are currently working with the student or are anticipated to be involved with student. Invite to IEP meeting, and get input to IEP for transition planning purposes. *MUST HAVE PARENT PERMISSION TO INVITE
	Designing Individualized Employment for the studentDevelop a portfolio (paper or video, electronic)Research training/ education agencies/programs specific to communication, independent living, self-	Pepnet Getting a JobMaking Connections: Tools for College and Career Readiness:PaTTAN Webinar Tools for College and Career ReadinessCommunity on Transition Conference, PaTTAN Video: Transitioning toCollege: PaTTAN Video Easing the Transition to CollegeWebinar: Creating Video Portfolios for Adolescents with SignificantDisabilities: Perkins: Creating Vocational Portfolios for AdolescentsWebsite: Create online portfolio blog: http://edublogs.org/ Team: Discuss with Transition Specialist & VR Counselor of local trainingoptions, visit when appropriatewww.secondarytransition.org
Age 16	determination Investigate SSDI/SSI/Medicaid Waiver Programs	SSDI, SSI & Medicaid for PA: <u>http://www.pealcenter.org/help-waivers.php</u> <u>PaTTAN COP Waiver Webinar</u> <u>Disability Guide/SSI/SSDI and more</u> <u>Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Benefits</u>
	 Obtain personal ID Engage in at least one vocational/ internship experience Investigate Plan to Achieve Self Support (PASS) program Begin visiting colleges in session 	Website: PA Department of Motor Vehicles: http:DMV Team: Discuss options within geographic area and transportation option Hiram G. Andrews Center <i>Team:</i> Discuss options with Transition Coordinator and Guidance Counselor <i>Website:</i> http://www.ssa.gov/disabilityresearch/wi/pass.htm

Explore Summer	Website: <u>http://www.palawhelp.org</u>
opportunities-job, volunteer	PA Workforce Development System – Career Link Website: <u>Pennsylvanic</u>
	<u>CareerLink</u>
Take	College Board
PSAT/SAT/ACT(With	http://www.studypoint.com/ed/psat-accommodations/
Accommodations)	https://www.collegeboard.org/students-with-disabilities
	http://www.studypoint.com/ed/act-accommodations/
Create account on	
College Board website to	
record scores	
Gather work-related	
documents	
Discuss graduation	
requirements and when	
student anticipates	
graduation.	
-	

	Revisit PCP & goals on IEP, transition planning specific	
	Review communication program & assess for effectiveness across environments (school, home, work & community)	<i>Team:</i> Discussion with adult state agency representatives, transition counselor
	IEP team to discuss graduation, transition goals, and progress.	
	Consider on-going training/vocational experiences over the summer	
Age 17	Consider the need for legal guardianship	Website: <u>http://www.drnpa.org/Guardians</u>
1 7		Article: <u>Transition to College</u>
	Take ACT and SAT (With accommodations)	College Board
	update College Board information, on website	
	Begin searches for scholarships and begin applications for college scholarships	Website: Scholarship information 1 2 3
	Begin to apply for colleges or begin to narrow the list of colleges that you're interested in applying.	1 2 3

Continue to meet with OVR, other outside agencies and service providers.	
Contact office of disability services for the college you are applying	Discussion: What services and accommodations do I currently have, will need in college and does the college offer?

	Apply for post-school	<i>Team:</i> College or continuing education is student & location specific.
	college & training programs	Training is supported through state agencies
	Review health insurance	
	for continued coverage	Website: <u>http://www.secondarytransition.org/topic/health</u> Transition to Adult Healthcare Videos, Website:
		http://www.pealcenter.org/help-transition.php
	Connect student with	
	peer group(s)	
	Review status with state	
	agency/agencies	
	Design recreation plan for	Document: Pennsylvania's Recreation & Leisure Guide:
	post-school life	http://www.secondarytransition.org/topic/recreation
		Suggestions for Recreation/Leisure Activities & modifications: Fact Sheet: Suggestions for Recreation Leisure Activities
		Tact Sheet. Suggestions for Recreation Leisure Activities
		Website:
9	Discuss/investigate post-	Secondary Transition: Guide to Housing Options:
e	school housing	www.secondarytransition.org
Age 18	plan/investigate funding	HUD in PA: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD
8	options for support	
		College Deerd
	Take ACT/SAT a second time	College Board
	line	
	Look at financial aid	Federal Student Aid
	websites	
	Revise and update	
	Resume. Create or update	
	portfolio, and write essay to	
	use for college applications.	
	Contact a vendor to	Sorenson Communications, PURPLE, Hearing and Deaf Services
	make sure to have a video	
	phone or relay service in	
	place for all necessary phone	
	calls, and other assistive	
	devices.	

	Make sure to have all up-to-date audiological reports, and current medical information	
	Review status of the following topics: employment/education, training and community living	<i>Team:</i> Review status of each topic with associated planning tools. Transition to Adult Life Fact Sheet <u>http://www.perkins.org/</u>
	Clarify graduation/degree requirements & implications Know your rights	Review state degree requirements & types of diplomas <u>state.pa.us/portal/assessments&graduationrequirements</u> <u>http://www.education.pa.gov/Statutes/GraduationRequirementsDisabi</u> <u>es</u> <u>http://www.pacode.com/secure/data/022/chapter4/s4.72.html</u> <u>ADA Rights</u>
Age 19-21	Review travel safety skills & public transportation options & training	Website: Pennsylvania Workforce Development: <u>PA Workforce Dev WIA</u> <u>Background Information</u>
-21	 Provide awareness training to transitioning agencies Understanding legal rights and responsibilities of post-school life for individuals with disabilities 	<i>Team:</i> Discuss student specific needs to transitioning agencies <i>Website:</i> Disabilities Rights Network: <u>https://www.drnpa.org/</u> Pennsylvania PTI, PEAL Center: <u>http://www.pealcenter.org/</u>
	<pre>Create a ResumeComplete transition portfolio</pre>	Document: <u>Creating a Winning Resume/CADB</u> <u>Getting a Job</u> Document: Transition Portfolio Summary Sheet Website: Update/finalize online portfolio blog <u>http://edublogs.org/</u>

Records to Keep:

IEPs, Evaluations, Medical Records related to disability, report cards and IEP progress reports, standardized test scores, high school and college transcripts, resume, list of community activities, awards and certificates, health cards, and identification cards, employment history, birth certificate, social security card, licenses, passport, insurance cards, copies of tax returns, Summary of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance, Employment documents (W-2, W-4, i-9, pay stubs), records of leases and rental information or housing information.