

PaTTAN's Mission

The mission of the Pennsylvania Training and Technical Assistance Network (PaTTAN) is to support the efforts and initiatives of the Bureau of Special Education, and to build the capacity of local educational agencies to serve students who receive special education services. PDE's Commitment to Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)

Our goal for each child is to ensure Individualized Education Program (IEP) teams begin with the general education setting with the use of Supplementary Aids and Services before considering a more restrictive environment.

Agenda

- Outcomes for Students with an Emotional Disturbance
 - State Systemic Improvement Plan/Graduation Rates
- What is an Emotional Disturbance?
 - IDEA
 - Prevalence/Penn Data
 - PA code/Chapter 14 types of support services
- What constitutes a strong emotional support program?
 - Review of the document
 - Team make-up
 - Scoring
 - Domains
 - Alignment to Danielson Framework
- Funding opportunity

Part I:

OUTCOMES FOR STUDENTS WITH AN EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE

Graduation Rates for Students with an Emotional Disturbance

- Among students with disabilities, those with an emotional disturbance have the highest dropout rates.
- Students with an emotional disturbance have approximately double the dropout rate than the overall dropout rate for students with disabilities in Pennsylvania.

(Barrat, et al., 2014)

nnsylvania Data								
Dropout Rates for Selected Disability Categories								
Disability/Year*	2010 11	2011 12	2012 13					
Intellectual Disability	8%	8%	8%					
Emotional Disturbance	22%	24%	23%					
Other Health Impairment	7%	8%	9%					
Specific Learning Disability	10%	5%	10%					
Autism	2%	2%	2%					
Overall rate for all disabilities	11%	12%	11%					









Our Goal

- Disengagement is a process that happens over time.
- Schools must interrupt that process and reengage students in school.
- Schools must also put Multi-Tiered Systems of Support in place to prevent the disengagement from happening!

Part 2:

EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE DIAGNOSIS, DEFINITION, AND PREVALENCE

What is an Emotional Disturbance?

Think, Ink, Link:

- 1. <u>Think-</u> about how you would define an emotional disturbance
- 2. Ink- Write your definition down
- 3. <u>Link-</u> Share your definition with a partner on your presenter's cue. Add to and refine your definition after your discussion.

Definition of Emotional Disturbance

Eligibility Criteria §89.1040(c) (4) Emotional disturbance. A student with an emotional disturbance is one who has been determined to meet the criteria for emotional disturbance as stated in 34 CFR, §300.8(c)(4). The written report of evaluation shall include specific recommendations for behavioral supports and interventions.

Definition of Emotional Disturbance

Child with a disability § 300.8 (4)(i) Emotional disturbance means a condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree that adversely affects a child's educational performance:

- A. An inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factors.
- B. An inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers.
- C. Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances.
- D. A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression.
- E. A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems.

Definition of Emotional Disturbance

(ii) Emotional disturbance includes schizophrenia. The term does not apply to children who are socially maladjusted, unless it is determined that they have an emotional disturbance under paragraph (c)(4)(i)of this section.



Characteristics of an Emotional Disturbance

- Characteristics may include:
 - Academic
 - Failure or severe deficiencies
 - Inattention
 - Lack of motivation
 - Behavioral
 - Mood swings
 - Appears depressed
 - Inappropriate responses to situations
 - Impaired interpersonal relationships
 - Low self-concept







How Does Your District Compare?

State Report

District Report

Data at a Glance: State Report I. Data at a Glance: By District

Select 2015-2016

2. Select your district

http://tinyurl.com/penndata

Types of Support: 13 Disability Categories

- I. Autism
- 2. Deaf-blindness
- 3. Deafness
- 4. Emotional disturbance
- 5. Hearing impairment
- 6. Intellectual disability
- 7. Multiple disabilities

- 8. Other health impairment
- 9. Specific learning disability
- 10. Traumatic brain injury
- 11. Visual impairment
- 12. Speech language impairment
- 13. Physical disability

9 Types of Support Services

- I. Autistic support
- 2. Blind-visually impaired support
- 3. Deaf and hard of hearing support
- 4. Emotional support
- 5. Learning support
- 6. Life skills support
- 7. Multiple disabilities support
- 8. Physical support
- 9. Speech and language support

Are students getting the type of support they truly need? Is the program just a warehouse for compliance?

PA Code: Chapter 14 § 14.131. IEP.

- (a) In addition to the requirements incorporated by reference (see 34 CFR 300.320--300.324), the IEP of each student with a disability must include:
- (1) A description of the type or types of support as defined in this paragraph that the student will receive, the determination of which may not be based on the categories of the child's disability alone. Students may receive more than one type of support as appropriate and as outlined in the IEP and in accordance with this chapter. Special education supports and services may be delivered in the regular classroom setting and other settings as determined by the IEP team. In determining the educational placement, the IEP team must first consider the regular classroom with the provision of supplementary aids and services before considering the provision of services in other settings.

PA Code: Chapter 14

- (iv) Emotional support. Services for students with a disability who <u>require services primarily in</u> <u>the areas of social or emotional skills development</u> <u>or functional behavior</u>
- (v) Learning support. Services for students with a disability who <u>require services primarily in the</u> <u>areas of reading, writing, mathematics, or</u> <u>speaking or listening skills related to academic</u> <u>performance</u>

PA Code: Chapter 14

 (i) Autistic support. Services for students with the disability of autism who <u>require services to address needs primarily in</u> <u>the areas of communication, social skills or behaviors</u> consistent with those of autism spectrum disorders. The IEP for these students must address needs as identified by the team which may include, as appropriate, the verbal and nonverbal communication needs of the child; social interaction skills and proficiencies; the child's response to sensory experiences and changes in the environment, daily routine and schedules; and, the need for positive behavior supports or behavioral interventions. Part 3:

QIESSP DOCUMENT



What's New in the Document?

- Alignment with the Danielson Framework
- Evidence & Guiding Questions for each element
- Updated Action Plan
- New Resources

Part 4: QIESSP DOMAINS

ademic I	nstruction and	Sud	DO	rt	
A. Academic Instruction and		P	F -		
Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Place (2)
A.1 Clear standards-aligned goals for academic achievement are developed for each student	Reference to Charlotte Darielscon's framework for Feaching (Domain and Component). La 42 What standards are addressed in the EP- Ner the positive time to grade level standards? Provide examples of posits that are aligned to grade level standards? Provide examples of posits that how do you rulices tunder IEP- and PA Core Standards to develop academic instruction and doctomes? How do you calculate calculate in the prace is anning? How do so that acalceted impacts (anning)? How do so that acalceted macts you daily instruction? How do so that acalceted mact you point academically related LEP goals? Data/graphs are prosent in EPs.	Ρ			
A.2 Curricular options are available as approprinte: Instruction using general education curricula and materials with supple- mentary aids and services Adapted and/or supplemental curricula	Reference to Chuldren Danielskon's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1a, 1c, 1d, 1a, 2a, 3 What curricular materials are being used? Are the materials appropriate ground of the student's age and grade level? How are the accommodutions and modifications aligned to the Specially Designed Instruction ISDI identified in the IEP? What data has been collected to support the used accommodations and modifications being used? Describe how you adjust expected outcomes.	1, O, P			
A.3 The amount of special education support (i.e., full-time, supplemental, itinerant) is determined by student need	Reference to Charlotte Danieloon's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component: 1b, 1c, 3d, 4b What support to disorthed in the REP Does the actual amount of support match what is identified in the REP Where is the support being delivered? Who is delivered the instruction?	Р			

Social and	Emotional	Instruction	and
Support			

Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Place (2)
B.1 Instruction and intervention are based on the individual needs of students, as	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1.b, 1.c, 1.d, 1.e, 2.a, 2.b, 2.d, 3.d, 4.b				
determined by the IEP team	How do you utilize student Functional Behavior Assessment (FBA)/Positive Behavior Support Plan (PBSP) and IEPs to develop behavioral instruction and outcomes?				
	How do you routinely collect data to monitor student progress behaviorally that impact learning?				
	How do you promote student self- regulation and self- monitoring of engaged behavior?				
	What would your response be if a negative behavior occurred in the classroom?	I, O, P			
	How do you adapt your instruction to meet the emotional and behavioral needs of your students?				
	How does your instruction and behavioral support plan consider the student's background, culture and emotional/behavioral needs?				
	What are some strategies you utilize to promote continued engagement of students in the social/emotional lesson?				
	How does data collected support behaviorally related IEP goals? Data/graphs are present in IEPs.				
8.2 Evidence-based social-emotional learning curricula and resources are	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1.a, 1.c, 1.d, 1.e, 2.a, 2.d, 3.b, 3.c, 3.d, 3.e, 4.b, 4.f				
available and implemented with fidelity	What assessments do you utilize to increase your knowledge of students' behavioral and emotional needs?	0.P			
	What evidenced-based social-emotional curricula are you utilizing for instruction?	-1-			
	How do you ensure that this curriculum is being implemented with fidelity?				

ehavior N	lanagement				
	-				
C. Behavior Management					
Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Place (2)
C-1 Proactive, evidenced-based behavioral interventions and supports are used with fidelity.	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): λ_1 , λ_1 , λ_1 , λ_2 , λ_3 , λ_3 , λ_3 , λ_4 , A_1 Describe your framework to proactively address behavior. What researched based interventions are in place? How do you ensure fidelity of implementation of interventions?	ĻO			
C2 Physical space and layout are adequate for the number of students and are condu- cive to a productive learning environment: Safe – dangerous terms are not readily accessible Area and/or procedures for addressing dangerous behaviors is present. Students and staff feel safe	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): Le, 2, 2, 2, 4, 2.e. How do your monitor safety? Do you regularly survey staff and students regarding safety? When designing the classroom environment, how do you take students' needs into consideration? Does the classroom environment match the class population? (Explain)	l, O, P			
C3 Three-to-five positively stated, clear rules and expectations per classroom/ school are identified: Rules and expectations are operation- ally defined for various settings and routines	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1, <i>c</i> , 2, <i>a</i> , 2, b, 2, <i>c</i> . What behavioral expectations do you have in your classroom to facilitate a positive learning experience? How are behavioral expectations with students? How are behavioral expectations implemented and reinforced in your classroom?	I, O, P			

Siladorati	on and Commu	iicati	on		
D. Collaboration and Comm	inication				
Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Place (2)
D.1 Policies and procedures of the LEA are in place and are communicated to program staff	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching IDomain and Component?, 22, 24, 44, 45 What policies and procedures of the LEA are communicated with program staff? How does the LEA ensure compliance with these procedures? How are the policies and procedures communicated tho often? How are the policies and procedures communicated how staff, substitutes, agency partners, etc. working as part of the program?	ĻΡ			
D.2 Planned, coordinated transition activities are in place: Between grades, buildings, and levels to facilitate smooth adjustments For entergation to school and general education settings of students from alternative placements or salf-con- tained programs A comprehensive plan is in place for students transitioning back to school after an absence	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1.b, 1.c, 1.d, 2.c, 3.a, 4.c, 4.f What supports are in place for: Grade-to-grade transitions? Building-to-building transitions? Students transitioning back to school from an alternative placement? Students transitioning in to the general education setting from self-contained programs? Students transitioning back to school after an extended absence? What are the policies and procedures in place to ensure these activities occur in a timely fashion? How do you act as a resource for your school and colleagues in the area of behavioral management?	ĻP			

E. Evaluation and Assessme					
E. Evaluation and Assessme	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Pla (2)
E.1. Evaluations and reevaluations are con- ducted in compliance with procedural requirements and implexe, and. Are comprehensive, utilizing multiple sources of information include functional behavioral assessment (in needed) Tests and other materials are appro- priate for students rages, cultures, and developmental levels The results are appropriate membrose, as appropriate	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): Le, 1, 2, a, 2, 3, a, 4, 6, 4, 4, 4 What is the process and who, by prod, as involved in the completion of Evaluation Report/Revaluation Report? What various tests, surveys, progress monitoring tools, etc., are used for this process?	P, I			
E.2 Data-based system is used for: Documenting and reporting progress toward IEP goals Reporting to students/ parents/ guardians Grading/report cards Decision making on programming and IEP development	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): L, L, L, R, J, Z, J, Z, A, B, 4, C, Af What system is in place for monitoring and documenting student progress across programs? How is progress communicated to staff, students and parents?	Ρ			
E.3 Data-based decision-making and documentation of participation and necessary accommodations for statewide and district-wide standardized assessments are utilized	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): L, L (, $4,b$ Define the process used to determine participation and necessary accommodations when reflecting on statewide and district-wide assessments. What assessments do you utilize to increase your knowledge of students' needs in order to determine necessary accommodators.	Ρ			

	ndary Transition				
F. Post-Secondary Transition Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Plac (2)
F.1 The process of post-secondary transition begins at age 14, and continues through middle and high school	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): $1b$, $1c$, $1d$, $2a$, $4b$, $4c$, $4e$ Are there transition plans in place? When do transition questions begin to be addressed?	I, P			
F.2 Students are taught positive and pro- ductive work ethics linked to Pennsylvania Career Education and Work Standards	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1a, 2a, 3a, 3c. How do your lessons lead to positive behavioral growth that impacts post-secondry succes? What factors in your students' backgrounds do you feel impact their post-secondry succes?	ĻP			
F.3 Post-school goals in the areas of educa- tion, employment, and when appropriate, independent living are developed based on age-appropriate assessments and are reflected in students? IPs with concespond- ing courses of study and measurable annual goals and, when appropriate, short-term objectives	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 4, b What is the process for identifying post-school goals and related coursework in the areas of: Education, Employment and Independent living What age appropriate assessments are being utilized?	ĻP			
F.4 Students are taught and expected to use self-determination skills. Transition-aged students are able to lead the discussion at their IEP meeting.	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 2.a, 2.b, 3.a, 3.c Are transition aged students invited, and participating in their own IEPs? Identify the self-determination curriculum/lesson plans.	I			
F.5 Communication and coordination with community agencies for post-high school transition (agency representatives are invited to participate in IEPs for students 14 and older) occurs	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1.d, 2.a, 3.a, 4.c Is there a process for communicating/collaborating with community agencies? Decribe	I, P			

G. Professional Development	t				
Elements	Evidence	Measured By I - Interview O - Observation P - Product	Not in Place (0)	Partially in Place (1)	In Place (2)
G.1 Topics for staff development are determined by data, by the administration, and by the program staff	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 1.d, 2.c, 4.d, 4.e, 4.f What is the system for identifying Professional Development needs of staff? (sur- veys/observations) What input do you seek to develop your professional skills? What goals have you identified to continue your professional growth?	I,P			
G.2 New staff are provided with an in- depth orientation to the emotional support program and expectations	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): 4.d, 4.e, 4.f Is there an induction process that includes initial training for new staff?	I, P			
G.3 Safe Crisis Management Certification is current for all staff	Reference to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (Domain and Component): $1d,2d,4b,4a$ What crisis management training is provided and how often?	Р			

ction P	an						
			Prog	ram Action Plan			
Domain/Elements	Percentage	Priority	Actio	n Step(s) with Measurable Outcomes	Person(s) Responsible	Timeline	Action Step(s Update
Academic Instruction and Support							
Social-Emotional Instruction and Support							
Behavior Management							
Collaboration and Communication							
Evaluation and Assessment							
Post-Secondary Transition							
Professional Development							
eflection from the meeting: (to be o	ompleted after	each meeting)					
id we meet set deadlines?			Yes 🗆	No			
id we write action steps with measure			Yes 🗆	No			
id we communicate and collaborate th	nrough the proce	55?	Yes 🗆 Yes 🗆	No 🗆			
Ire we using a data driven process?			tes 🗆	NOL			
four local intermediate unit and the Pen he QIESSP. You can visit PaTTAN on the	nnsylvania Trainir web at www.pat	ng and Technical tan.net.	Assistance Net	work (PaTTAN) have resources to assist LEAs in a	ddressing the needs that ha	ve been identified a	a result of using

Role Alike Discussion Activity

- Discuss the importance of your role in the team process of self-assessment.
- Roles:
 - Special education teacher
 - General education teacher
 - Administrator
 - School Psychologist
 - Counselors
 - TaC

Discuss...

- How do your skills, expertise, and knowledge contribute to the review process of the QIESSP?
- How does your role contribute to action planning?



Applicat	ion Process			
	QUESTIONS RESPONSES			
	Quality Indicators of Emotional Support Services and Programs Deer Applant, Thank you for completing this application. Due to the intensity of the technical support planned, we can only accept a limited number of LDAs. Please to an complete with your responses as possible.	C Tr		
	Name of LEA:			
	LEA Type:			
	School Dustrict Charter School Intermediate Unit Program Approved Private School Chart			
-	https://goo.gl/forms/TUToclHbFofdP55g	<u>1</u>		

Application Process

Applications Due: October 21st

- Teams will be notified of acceptance by week of November 4th.
- Only two teams per region will be selected. Teams will:
 - 2 year commitment
 - Attend 3 additional training days each year
 - Receive technical assistance
 - Receive a stipend

Stipend Information

Teams will receive a stipend in the amount of \$2000.00 to support the costs associated with travel to additional training dates:

- Mileage
- Lodging/meals (over 50 miles)
- Substitutes
- Attendance at the PaPBS Implementers' Forum



Day I: Behavior Management 12/1/16 (PGH only) 12/7/16 (HBG & East)

Day 2: Academic Instruction and Support 2/22/17 (All offices)

Day 3: Social-Emotional Instruction and Support 5/3/17 (All offices)

